




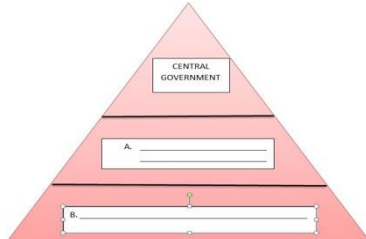
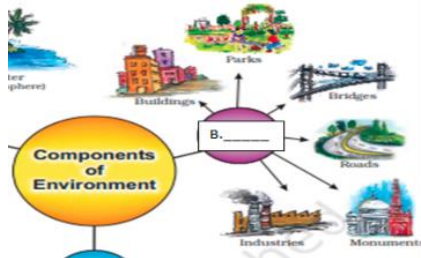
**CLASS VII**  
**MID-TERM EXAMINATION (2023-24)**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**MARKING KEY**  
**SET –A1 & A2**

SET A1	SET A2	VALUE POINTS	MARKS
1	6	<p>The innermost layer of the earth is rich in _____.</p> <p>A. SIAL (Silica &amp; Aluminium)  B. SIMA (Silica &amp; Magnesium)  C. NIFE (Nickel &amp; Iron)  D. K (Potassium)</p> <p><b>ANS-</b> C. NIFE (Nickel &amp; Iron)</p>	1
2	1	<p>Which of the following ritual was performed by the Rashtrakuta chief, Dantidurga to get acceptance as a kshatriya or the king of the Deccan?</p> <p>A. Ashvamedha  B. Rajasurya  C. Nav Graha  D. Hiranya Garbha</p> <p><b>ANS-</b> D. Hiranya Garbha</p>	1
3	2	<p>Which of the following gases protects us from harmful sun rays?</p> <p>A. Carbon dioxide  B. Nitrogen  C. Ozone  D. Methane</p> <p><b>ANS-</b> C. Ozone</p>	1
4	4	<p>In USA, the blacks/coloured people had been victims of discrimination.</p> <p>It is said that an Afro-American woman changed the course of American history with one defiant act. Based on this information identify the woman and the act committed by her.</p> 	1
		A. Rosa Parks; she refused to pay the money for ticket	

		<p>B. Alice Paul; she refused to give her salary away</p> <p>C. Rosa Parks; she refused to give her seat to a white man.</p> <p>D. Susan; she forcibly took away the train seat from a white man.</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> C. Rosa Parks; she refused to give her seat to a white man.</p>	
5	3	<p>Complete the given statement choosing the correct option given below.</p> <p><b>Statement</b> - People believed that nobles inherited their rights to govern because they were born in certain families. Thus, privileges claimed on account of birth are called _____.</p> <p>A. First right</p> <p>B. Prime right</p> <p>C. Birth right</p> <p>D. Basic right</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> C. Birth right</p>	1
6	7	<p>What does 'L' denote in the word MLA?</p> <p>A. Law</p> <p>B. Legal</p> <p>C. License</p> <p>D. Legislative</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> D. Legislative</p>	1
7	8	<p>Consider the given statements about The Disabilities Act passed by the Government of India in 1995 and find out which of the statements are <b>TRUE</b>.</p> <p>1) This law states that persons with disabilities have equal rights, and that the government should make possible their full participation in society.</p> <p>2) The government must not provide free education and integrate children with disabilities into mainstream schools.</p> <p>3) This law states that all public places including buildings, schools, etc., should be accessible and provided with ramps.</p> <p><b>Options-</b></p> <p>A. Only 1</p> <p>B. Only 2</p> <p>C. 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>D. 1 and 3</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> D. 1 and 3</p>	1
8	5	<p>Which ruler first established his capital in Delhi?</p> <p>A. Ananga Pala from the Tomara dynasty of Rajputs</p> <p>B. Prithviraj Chauhan of the Chahamana dynasty</p>	1

		<p>C. Iltutmish of Slave Dynasty D. Babur of Mughal dynasty</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> A. Ananga Pala from the Tomara dynasty of Rajputs</p>	
9	9	<p>Which one of the following is <b>not</b> a natural component of environment?</p> <p>A. Land B. Rivers &amp; stream C. Environment D. Parks and Buildings</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> D. Parks and Buildings</p>	1
10	11	<p>Observe the given picture and fill in the blank using the appropriate option-</p> <p>_____ is used for measuring</p>  <p>the atmospheric pressure.</p> <p>A. Thermometer B. Sun Dial C. Barometer D. Wind vane</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> C. Barometer</p>	1
11	12	<p>Observe the given picture and find out which of the terms explains it the best.</p>  <p>A. A Desert Ecosystem B. A Pond Ecosystem C. A Hill Station D. An Aquarium</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> B option -A Pond Ecosystem</p>	1
12	10	<p>Choose the correct full form of OPD from the options given below.</p> <p>A. Only Patient Department B. Out Patient Department C. Only Public Division D. Out Private Division</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> B - Out Patient Department</p>	1
13	16	<p>SET A1-</p> <p>Which of the following definitions is the correct explanation of the term '<b>Medical Tourists</b>'?</p>	1

		<p>A. The tourists who travel to see medical equipment in other countries.</p> <p>B. The tourists who come to travel to other country to sell medical devices or drugs.</p> <p>C. The tourists who visit other countries for medical treatment in hospitals at a lower cost than what they would pay in their own country.</p> <p>D. The tourists who travel to other countries to visit heritage sites.</p> <p><b>Ans- C-</b> The tourists who visit other countries for medical treatment in hospitals at a lower cost than what they would pay in their own country.</p>									
---	Q13	<p>SET A2-</p> <p>“In a press conference on Thursday 13<sup>th</sup> July 2023, Delhi CM Arvind Kejriwal on his views on unprecedented rains, urged people to work from home in the wake of flood-like situation in the national capital. He also urged them to not step out of their homes until and unless it is essential to do so. Kejriwal further noted that schools have been shut down in areas affected adversely by waterlogging, especially low-lying areas in Delhi.”</p> <p>In the light of the above statement, mention the role and importance of a Press conference in a democracy.</p> <p><b>ANS-</b>Press conferences in a democracy –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Helps the people to express their views and pose questions.</li> <li>● Works as a medium between ministers and the public.</li> <li>● Make the common citizens know about the policies of the government.</li> <li>● Keeps the people updated on the explanation given by the ministers for their actions.</li> </ul> <p>(Any one point or any other relevant point)</p>	1								
14	15	<p>Match the content of COLUMN A with COLUMN B.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>COLUMN A</th> <th>COLUMN B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I. Persian</td> <td>a. Someone who is under the protection of another; a dependent or hanger-on.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>II. Client</td> <td>b. They were special slaves purchased for military service by the early sultans.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>III. Bandagans</td> <td>c. Language of Administration</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Choose the most appropriate option-</p> <p>A. I-a; II-b; III-c</p> <p>B. I-b; II-a; III-c</p>	COLUMN A	COLUMN B	I. Persian	a. Someone who is under the protection of another; a dependent or hanger-on.	II. Client	b. They were special slaves purchased for military service by the early sultans.	III. Bandagans	c. Language of Administration	1
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		<p>C. I-c; II-a; III-b</p> <p>D. I-a; II-c; III-b</p> <p><b>Ans- C option-</b> I-c; II-a; III-b</p>							
15	-----	<p>Based on your understanding of the different levels of government, complete part A and B of the given pyramidal structure.</p> <div></div> <p><b>Ans-</b> A. State Government</p> <p>B. Local Government</p>	<b>0.5+0.5=1</b>						
16	14	<p>Observe the given picture on Components of the environment and fill the blank spaces <b>B</b> with appropriate term.</p> <div></div> <p><b>Ans-B.</b> Human Made Environment</p>	1						
17	17	<p>What is a ‘Rock Cycle’? Give a brief description with the help of an example.</p> <p>Ans- Rock cycle- process of transformation of rock from one to another in a cyclic manner.</p> <p>(i) When molten magma cools, becomes solid, it forms igneous rocks.</p> <p>(ii) When igneous rocks break, sediments transport and deposit forms sedimentary rocks.</p> <p>(iii) Igneous + sedimentary rocks under heat and pressure melts and forms metamorphic rocks.</p>	2+1=3						
18	19	<p>Differentiate between the Private and Public Health Care sector in India based on the following parameters. (Complete table must be drawn in the Answer Script)</p> <table><tr><th>BASIS OF DIFFERENCE</th><th>PRIVATE HEALTH SECTOR</th><th>PUBLIC HEALTH SECTOR</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	BASIS OF DIFFERENCE	PRIVATE HEALTH SECTOR	PUBLIC HEALTH SECTOR				3
BASIS OF DIFFERENCE	PRIVATE HEALTH SECTOR	PUBLIC HEALTH SECTOR							

		CONTROLLED BY/ MANAGEMENT	Hospitals and nursing homes are privately owned.	Health centers and hospitals run by the government.	
		SERVICES/ FACILITIES	Private hospitals provide treatment to all kinds of problems in a speedy and organized manner. People usually take appointments before visiting their doctor.	Public hospitals provide treatment to all kinds of problems from common illness to special services but usually have to wait for a long time in order to avail those services.	
		COST OF SERVICE	A high fee is charged.	Services are provided either free or on a low-cost basis .	
19	18	<p>“Temples of the Chola period were not only places of worship but centers of cultural, social and economic activities”. Mention three examples to justify the statement</p> <p>Ans- 1. Chola temples often became the nuclei of settlements which grew around them. 2. These were centres of craft production. 3. Chola temples were architectural marvels. 4. They were used as centres of education. 5. They were known for their fine bronze statues. 6. People living near temples practiced various livelihoods like Shopkeepers, flower-sellers, garland makers, sweet shops etc. (Or any other relevant point)</p> <p><b>CHOICE QUESTION ON PRASHASTI</b> A. What are Prashastis? B. Can they be considered as a reliable source for the reconstruction of history? Ans- A. 1. Prashastis were long poems written in praise of kings.</p>			<p>3</p> <p>1+2=3</p>

		<p>2. These were generally written by Court poets. 3. They included high-sounding words.</p> <p>B. 1. No, these cannot be considered as an authentic source of information as court poets generally wrote these to get rewards from the kings. 2. The critical account is not given. (Or any other relevant point)</p>	
20	20	<p>Ans A. No, it will not be easy for Kishori Lal to afford the treatment and expenses of medicines. Such a situation brings anxiety and distress for poor families like that of Kishori Lal. Ans B. In this case, he may have to borrow money or take a loan to get medical treatment for his daughter or sell any of his possessions. (Any two points) (Or any other relevant point)</p>	1+2=3
21	21	<p><b>SET A1-CASE- BASED QUESTION-</b> 21.1. Where did the cyclone originate on 17-18 October 1999? Ans. – On 17-18 October 1999 the cyclone originated in the Bay of Bengal. 21.2. What were the main factors that caused the damage? Ans.- The damages caused were mainly due to three factors: wind velocity, rain and tidal surge. 21.3. What were the effects of this cyclone? Ans.- These high velocity winds uprooted trees and damaged the kutcha houses. The rooftops of several industrial sheds and other houses were also blown away. Power supply and telecom lines snapped completely.</p> <p><b><u>SET A2- CASE- BASED QUESTION-</u></b> 1.What is an earthquake? Ans- when the Lithospheric plates move, the surface of the earth vibrates. The vibrations can travel all-round the earth. These vibrations are called earthquakes. 2.In the context of the given paragraph, name the instrument and scale used to measure earthquakes. Ans.-An earthquake is measured with a machine called a seismograph. The magnitude of the earthquake is measured on the Richter scale. 3.Mention any one preparedness measure that should be adopted during an earthquake.</p>	<p>1+1+1=3</p> <p>1+1+1=3</p>

		<p>When an earthquake strikes we should do the following:</p> <p>a. We should be in a safe spot like: under a kitchen counter, table or desk.</p> <p>b. We should stand against an inside corner or wall.</p> <p>c. We should stay away from fire places, areas around chimneys, windows that shatter including mirrors and picture frames.</p> <p>d. We should be prepared by arousing awareness amongst our friends and family members.</p> <p>e. We should face any disaster confidently. (Any one point)</p>	
22	24	<p><b>CASE- BASED QUESTION-</b></p> <p>22.1) Fill in the blank with an appropriate answer. ANS- Rulers belonging to the Gurjara-Pratihara, <u>Rashtrakutas</u> and <u>Palas</u> dynasties were involved in the “tripartite struggle”.</p> <p>22.2)The tripartite battle was fought for control over which area?</p> <p>a) Daulatabad b) Siri c) Kanauj D)Prayag</p> <p><b>ANS- KANAUI</b></p> <p>22.3) List <b>any one</b> consequence/effect of the Tripartite Struggle.</p> <p>1. This struggle lasted for two centuries and made all dynasties weak in the long run. 2. The struggle resulted into the political disintegration of the country and benefited the Islamic invaders from Middle East. 3. In the end the Gurjara-Pratiharas won the struggle. (Any one point or any other relevant point)</p>	<p>3</p> <p><b>0.5+0.5=1</b></p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>



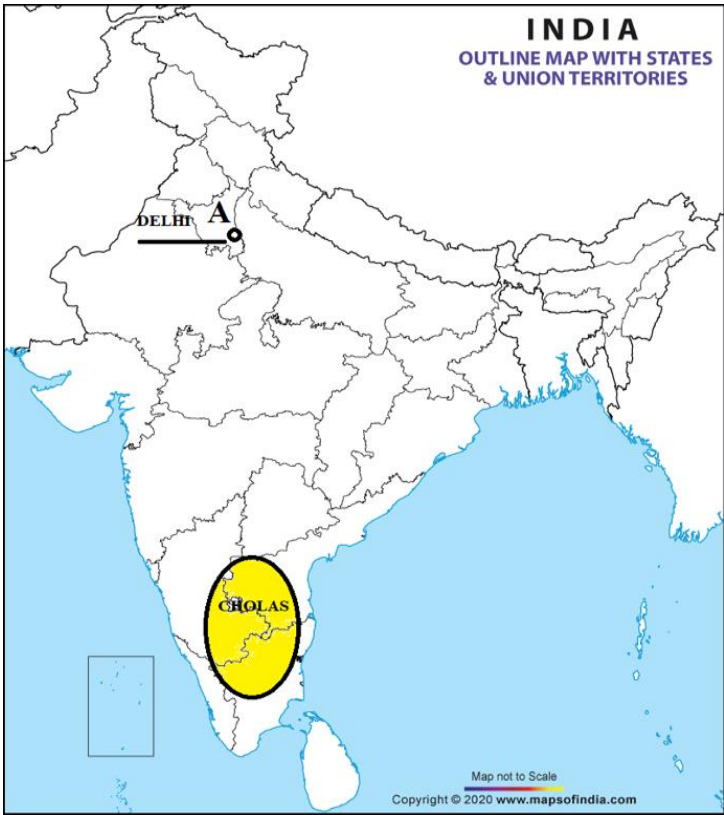
23	23	<p>23.1) _____ was a person who specialized in the art of copying manuscripts by hand. Choose from the given options-</p> <p>a) Cartographer b) Scribe c) Sketcher d) Chronicler</p> <p><b>ANS- Scribe</b></p> <p>23.2) Complete the given analogy(comparison) and write the correct option in your answer script.</p> <p><b>Inscription: Archaeological Source:: Manuscript:_____ ?</b></p> <p><b>ANS- Literary</b></p> <p>23.3) List <b>any one</b> limitation of manuscripts?</p> <p>1. DIFFICULTY IN COPYING MANUSCRIPTS- 2. DIFFICULTY IN TRACING THE ORIGINAL MANUSCRIPT 3. DIFFICULTY IN UNDERSTANDING VIEWPOINT 4. DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF THE SAME DOCUMENT. (Explain any one in brief)</p>	1+1+1=3
24	22	<p>24.1) What are the two ways in which the government has tried to implement equality guaranteed in the Constitution?</p> <p>ANS- Laws and Programmes</p> <p>24.2) In the context of the above source, identify the scheme launched by State governments in India to promote social equality?</p> <p><b>OPTIONS-</b></p> <p>A. Mid-Day Meal Scheme B. Civil Rights Movement C. Dowry protection D. Tiffin box scheme</p> <p>ANS- Mid-Day Meal Scheme</p> <p>24.3) List any one benefit of this scheme?</p> <p>ANS-a) Mid-day meal scheme has helped in promoting equality because now both lower caste and upper caste children in the school eat this meal together. b) In a few places, Dalit women have been employed to cook the meal. c) More poor children have begun enrolling and regularly attending school. (Any one point or any other relevant point)</p>	1+1+1=3
25	25	<p>“The earth movements are divided on the basis of the forces which cause them.” In this context explain the meaning of the</p>	2.5+2.5=5

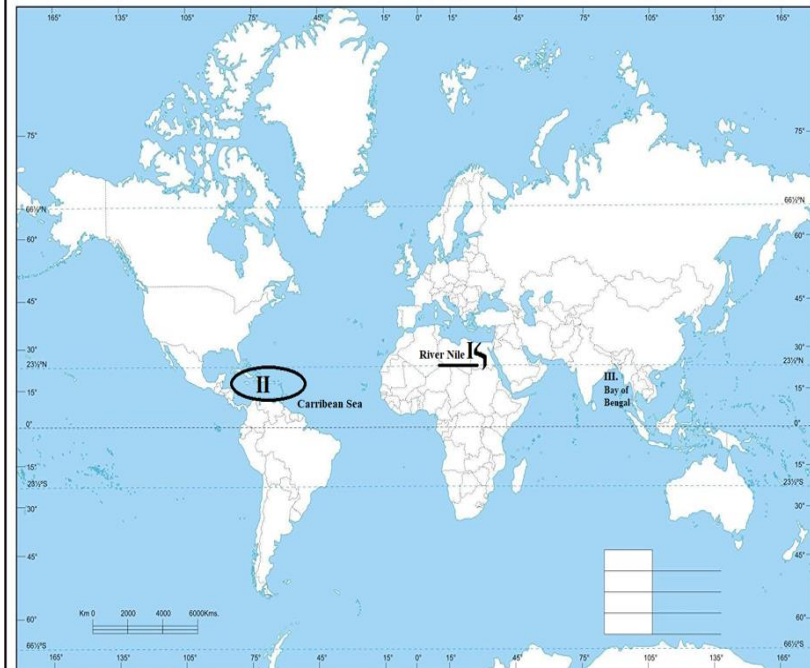
		<p>two types of forces- endogenic and exogenic forces by giving one example for each.</p> <p><b>Exogenic forces</b> Exogenic forces are those forces which act on the surface of the earth and cause changes on the surface of the earth. Examples: Weathering, gradation, erosion, deposition.</p> <p><b>Endogenic Forces</b> Endogenic forces are those forces which originate in the interior of the earth and cause changes on the surface of the earth. Examples: Volcanoes and Earthquakes.</p> <p><b>CHOICE QUESTION- FOR SET A1</b> The erosion and deposition by sea waves give rise to coastal landforms. Explain the erosional features formed by sea waves as per the headers given below-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. SEA WAVES</li> <li>B. ARCHES</li> <li>C. STACKS</li> <li>D. CLIFF</li> <li>E. SEA BEACHES</li> </ul> <p>ANS- Erosion and deposition of the sea waves form coastal landforms in the following ways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Sea waves continuously strike at the rocks and cracks develop. In the course of time, they become larger and wider. As a result, hollow caves are formed on the rocks. They are called SEA CAVES.</li> <li>b. As caves become bigger and bigger only the roofs of the caves remain. This led to the formation of SEA ARCHES.</li> <li>c. Continuous erosion breaks the roofs and only walls are left. These wall-like features are called STACKS.</li> <li>d. The steep rocky coast rising almost vertically above sea water is called SEA CLIFF.</li> <li>e. The sea waves deposit sediments along the shores. This leads to the formation of SEA BEACHES.</li> </ul>	1X5=5
	25 choice	<p><b><u>CHOICE QUESTION- FOR SET A2</u></b> The running water in the river erodes the landscape and forms various water features or landforms. Explain the various features formed by the work of the river as per the headers given below-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. WATERFALL</li> </ul>	1X5=5

		<p>B. MEANDERS C. OX-BOW LAKE D. FLOOD PLAIN/ LEVEES E. DELTA</p> <p>ANS- The process of erosion and deposition creates different landforms on the surface of the earth.</p> <p>a. Waterfall-When the river tumbles at steep angle over very hard rocks or down a steep valley side it forms a waterfall</p> <p>b.Meanders- When the river tumbles at a steep angle over very hard rocks or down a deep valley side it forms a waterfall. While entering the plain the river twists and turns and forms large bends which are known as meanders.</p> <p>c. Ox-bow lake- Due to continuous erosion and deposition along the sides of the meander, the ends of the meander loop come closer and closer. In due course of time the meander loop cuts off from the river and forms a cut-off lake, which is also called an ox-bow lake.</p> <p>d. Levees- Sometimes, the river overflows its banks causing flood in the neighbouring areas. As it floods, it deposits layers of fine soil and other material called sediments along its banks. As a result—a fertile floodplain is formed. The raised banks are called levees.</p> <p>e. Delta - As the river approaches the sea, the speed of the flowing water decreases, and the river begins to break up into several streams known as distributaries. The river becomes very slow and it begins to deposit its load. Each distributary forms its own mouth. The collection of sediments from all the mouths forms a delta.</p>										
26	26	<p>List the differences between Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly based on the following parameters-</p> <table><tr><th>BASIS</th><th>LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY</th><th>LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL</th></tr><tr><td>1.HOUSE</td><td>Legislative Assembly refers to the lower house of the State Legislature</td><td>Legislative Council is the upper house of the State Legislature.</td></tr><tr><td>2. ELECTION</td><td>Members of the Legislative Assembly are directly elected by the people</td><td>Members of Legislative Council are elected by state legislative assembly, local bodies etc</td></tr></table>	BASIS	LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY	LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL	1.HOUSE	Legislative Assembly refers to the lower house of the State Legislature	Legislative Council is the upper house of the State Legislature.	2. ELECTION	Members of the Legislative Assembly are directly elected by the people	Members of Legislative Council are elected by state legislative assembly, local bodies etc	1X5=5
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		<p>CHOICE QUESTION ON KARNATAKA STATE ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS</p> <div><div><div>KARNATAKA</div><div>TEAR AND TAKE AWAY ✂</div></div><div><div>224 / 224</div><div>Target : 113</div><div></div><table><thead><tr><th>Alliance</th><th>Results</th><th>2018</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td> Cong+</td><td>136</td><td>+56</td></tr><tr><td> BJP</td><td>66</td><td>-38</td></tr><tr><td> JDS</td><td>19</td><td>-18</td></tr><tr><td> OTH</td><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td> Awaited</td><td>0</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></div></div>	Alliance	Results	2018	Cong+	136	+56	BJP	66	-38	JDS	19	-18	OTH	3	0	Awaited	0		5
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		<p>Based on your observation, answer the follow questions-</p> <p>A. If the total number of Legislative Assembly seats are 224, then what is the minimum number of seats required for a political party to form a government through simple majority? <b>Ans-</b> <math>50\% + 1 = 113</math>seats</p> <p>B. Which political party is likely to form the Government? <b>Ans-</b> Congress+ its allies will form the Govt.</p>	1+1+2+1=5																		

		<p>C. The winning party will choose their leader for the post of Chief Minister, in this context, outline <b>any two</b> main functions of a C.M.</p> <p><b>Ans-</b> i) Chief minister and the ministers have to take actions to solve the problem of the public of their state.  ii) They have to work through various departments like the Agriculture department, the Health department, Education department etc.  iii) They give the answer to the questions asked in the Legislative Assembly and apprise the people about their development goals/plans.</p> <p>D. What role does the opposition play in a democracy?  <b>Ans-</b> The Opposition parties play a critical role in the healthy functioning of a democracy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● They highlight drawbacks in various policies and programmes of the government.</li> <li>● They try to mobilize popular support for their own policies.</li> </ul>	
27	27	<p>A. What are Tarikh and Tawarikh?  B. Who were its authors?  C. Why the authors of Tawarikh failed to provide information about the life of ordinary people?</p> <p><b>Ans-A.</b> Ans.1. Tarikh (singular) or Tawarikh (plural), refers to "histories" i.e the detailed account of the Delhi sultans.  2. It was written in Persian, the language of administration under Delhi sultans.</p> <p><b>B.</b> The authors of tawarikh were learned men, secretaries, administrators, poets, and courtiers who both recounted events and advised rulers on governance.</p>	1+1+3=5
		<p><b>C.</b> 1. The authors of tawarikh provided information only about the histories of Sultans for huge rewards.  2. Also they didn't mention the lives of common people as they lived in cities (mainly in Delhi) rather than villages.  3. These authors advised rulers on the need to preserve an "ideal" social order based on birthright and gender distinctions. These ideas were not shared by everybody.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>A. Who was Raziyya Sultan?  B. What problem did Raziya face on becoming the Sultan of Delhi Sultanate?  C. Was it a result of gender distinctions? What does it mean?  D. Discuss Minhaj-I Siraj's views on Razziya</p>	<p>1 1 1 2</p>

		<p><b>ANS-A-</b> Razia Sultan was the daughter of Iltutmish who took the throne of Delhi in 1236 AD.</p> <p><b>B.</b> Yes, she faced the problem of acceptance by the nobles as a ruler.</p> <p><b>C.</b> Yes, it was based on Gender discrimination where males are considered superior and females inferior.</p> <p><b>D.</b> It is inferred that Chronicler Minhaj-i-siraj was a gender-biased person.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● He thought that the queen's rule went against the social order created by God.</li> <li>● He strongly opposed Razia Sultan and said that women are meant to be subordinate to men.</li> </ul>	
28	28	<p><b>HISTORY MAP-</b></p> 	1+1=2
29.	29	<p><b>GEOGRAPHY MAP-</b></p>	1X3=3



- I. Nile River**
- II. Carribean Sea**
- III. Bay of Bengal (Locate and label)**

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